LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

301 State House (317) 232-9855

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

LS 8161 DATE PREPARED: Feb 11, 1999

BILL NUMBER: SB 605 BILL AMENDED:

SUBJECT: Children's Health Insurance Program.

FISCAL ANALYST: Alan Gossard PHONE NUMBER: 233-3546

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State

 \underline{X} DEDICATED \underline{X} FEDERAL

<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> This bill establishes the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) within the Office of the Secretary of Family and Social Services (FSSA) to provide health insurance coverage to uninsured children. The bill also establishes the Children's Health Policy Board to coordinate aspects of existing children's health programs.

Medicaid Expansion: The bill provides that an individual who is less than 19 years old and who is a member of a family with an annual income that is less than 150% of the federal income poverty level (FPL) is eligible for Medicaid. (This provision makes permanent the Medicaid expansion that became effective July 1, 1998, and is set to expire June 30, 1999.)

CHIP Program: This bill also requires the CHIP program to use certain aspects of the infrastructure used by the Medicaid managed care program for children to the greatest extent possible. The bill provides eligibility requirements that a child and the child's family must meet in order to enroll in the program. Among these requirements are that children must be from families with incomes between 150% and 200% of FPL. It also provides that providers enrolled under the Medicaid program and providers enrolled under CHIP are considered providers for both programs. The bill also makes conforming changes.

Effective Date: Upon passage; July 1, 1999; January 1, 2000.

Explanation of State Expenditures: (Revised) The total costs of the Medicaid expansion and the CHIP program relative to the available federal funding are summarized in the final table, below.

The enrollment and cost estimates were developed by the Lewin Group for the Governor's Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel. The Lewin Group produced three sets of estimates based on the assumptions in the following table.

Assumptions Used in Development of Three Cost Scenarios.

Low Enrollment and Cost Estimates	Mid-Range Enrollment and Cost Estimates	High Enrollment and Cost Estimates
Low Crowd-out *	Mid-range Crowd-out *	High Crowd-out *
Outreach has no impact	Outreach has no impact	Outreach increases enrollment by 15%
Current unemployment rates continue	Current unemployment rates continue	Unemployment rates increase from 3.4% to 6.8%
High family premium contributions are used	Low family premium contributions are used	Low family premium contributions are used

^{*} Crowd-out means the number of families or employers who drop private insurance coverage to take advantage of the public insurance program.

Costs of Medicaid Expansion: This bill makes permanent the Medicaid expansion for children from families with incomes up to 150% of FPL. This expansion was set to expire June 30, 1999. (On June 30, 1999, the eligibility levels will revert to 150% of FPL for infants, 133% of FPL for children aged 1 through 5, and 100% of FPL for children aged 6 through 18.) The cost estimates below are for the cost of benefits and administration net of estimated family premium contributions. The estimates also include a 24-month "rampup" period to fully phase in the program.

Estimated Net Costs for Permanent Medicaid Expansion to 150% FPL (with State and Federal Shares).

Assumptions	FFY1999	FFY2000	FFY2001	FFY2002	
Low-Range	\$27.79 M	\$45.98 M	\$50.66 M	\$52.44 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(7.50M / 20.29M)	(12.41M / 33.57M)	(13.68M / 36.98M)	(14.16M / 38.28M)	
Mid-Range	\$35.25 M	\$58.32 M	\$64.25 M	\$66.50 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(9.52M / 25.73M)	(15.75M / 42.57M)	(17.35M / 46.90M)	(17.96M / 48.54M)	
High-Range	\$56.44 M	\$93.38 M	\$102.89 M	\$106.49 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(15.24M / 41.20M)	(25.21M / 68.17M)	(27.78M / 75.11M)	(28.75M/77.74M)	
Source: The Lewin Group for the Governor's Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel, Nov. 1998.					

Costs of CHIP Program: The following represents cost estimates based on the three sets of enrollment and cost assumptions for the CHIP program specified by the Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel. Coverage is for those children from families with incomes between 150% and 200% of FPL. Although the bill is not specific about the benefit package to be offered, the benefit package described by the CHIP Advisory Panel is used for estimating costs. The cost estimates include direct services, as well as administrative costs. Eligibility requirements may be adjusted by FSSA based on available program resources.

Estimated Net Costs for CHIP: Children between 150% and 200% FPL (with State and Federal Shares).

Assumptions	SFY2000	SFY2001	SFY2002	
Low-Range	\$12.97 M	\$21.97 M	\$24.79 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(3.50M / 9.47M)	(5.93M / 16.04M)	(6.69M / 18.10M)	
Mid-Range	\$24.68 M	\$41.83 M	\$47.20 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(6.66M / 18.02M)	(11.29M / 30.54M)	(12.74M / 34.46M)	
High-Range	\$30.11 M	\$51.02 M	\$57.57 M	
(State \$/Fed \$)	(8.13M / 21.98M)	(13.78M / 37.24M)	(15.54M / 42.03M)	
Source: The Lewin Group for the Governor's Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel, Nov. 1998.				

Federal CHIP Funding: The CHIP program was authorized by Congress in 1997. Unused allotments may be rolled over to the next year. Each year's allotment remains available for three years, after which the unused allotment is returned for redistribution to other states. The CHIP program funding also comes with an enhanced federal match of about 73%, compared with the current federal match under the Medicaid program of about 61%. The reimbursement for expenditures under the CHIP program, as well as the Medicaid expansion described above, will be made at the enhanced rate of 73%.

Estimated Net Program Costs Relative to CHIP Funding: FFY1999 Through FFY2002.

Assumptions		FFY1999	FFY2000	FFY2001	FFY2002
Low-Range	Carryover from Prev. Yr	95.16 M *	164.24 M	194.18 M	199.50 M
	Current Year Allotment	97.09 M	97.09 M	102.41 M	78.47 M
	Total Program Costs **	28.01 M	49.88 M	65.88 M	75.11 M
	Returned to Feds	-	17.27 M	31.21 M	21.98 M
	Surplus / (Deficit)	164.24 M	194.18 M	199.50 M	180.88 M
Mid-Range	Carryover from Prev. Yr	94.64 M *	156.06 M	187.41 M	196.59 M
	Current Year Allotment	97.09 M	97.09 M	102.41 M	78.47 M
	Total Program Costs **	35.67 M	65.74 M	93.23 M	109.67 M
	Returned to Feds	-	-	-	-
	Surplus / (Deficit)	156.06 M	187.41 M	196.59 M	165.39 M
High-Range	Carryover from Prev. Yr	93.17 M *	133.31 M	127.96 M	92.15 M
	Current Year Allotment	97.09 M	97.09 M	102.41 M	78.47 M
	Total Program Costs **	56.95 M	102.44 M	138.22 M	159.15 M
	Returned to Feds	-	-	-	-
	Surplus / (Deficit)	133.31 M	127.96 M	92.15 M	11.47 M

Source: The Lewin Group for the Governor's Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel, Nov. 1998.

Committees and Boards: A 10-member Advisory Committee for Children With Special Health Needs is established by the bill for the purpose of advising and assisting the Children's Health Policy Board, also established by this bill, in the development, coordination, and evaluation of policies that have an impact on children with special health needs. The committee is composed of both state employees and lay members.

A six-member Children's Health Policy Board is also established by the bill to direct policy coordination of children's health programs. The Board is to develop a comprehensive children's health policy; coordinate aspects of existing children's health programs; and collect, analyze, and disseminate data. The six members are state employees.

Children's Health Insurance Program Fund: The Children's Health Insurance Program Fund is also established by the bill. The Fund is to be a revolving fund for the purpose of paying expenses related to the CHIP program. Funds do not revert to the General Fund at the end of a fiscal year. The Fund includes

^{*} Estimated carryover from FFY1998 arising from the one-year Medicaid expansion.

^{**} Represents total costs (both state and federal shares). State Share = 27%, Federal Share = 73%.

amounts appropriated by the General Assembly and by the federal government, as well as fees, charges, gifts, grants, and donations.

Explanation of State Revenues: See Explanation of State Expenditures, above, regarding federal funding for the CHIP program.

Explanation of Local Expenditures:

Explanation of Local Revenues:

State Agencies Affected: Family and Social Services Administration

Local Agencies Affected:

<u>Information Sources:</u> Final Report of the Governor's Children's Health Insurance Advisory Panel, November 1998.